### **KWVDM Interview Toolkit**



Thank you for taking part in the Korean War Veterans Digital Memorial Project. We look forward to seeing all the amazing interviews and photos that veterans will submit with your help.

In this toolkit, we would like to offer a model and resources so you can set up your own interview day at your school or local library. We feel that the best way to bring the Korean War to life is to listen to the veterans and their stories. You will be contributing to a lasting legacy in a time when involvement is the most critical.

# **Planning Your Interview Day**

This will be a time commitment. Volunteers will need to be organized. The veterans and other community members will need to be given enough notice. Equipment and interview spaces will need to be secured. So, let's get started!

### Create a Team

To be successful, you will need a support group. Consider dividing responsibilities as such:

### Leaders

These should be your core group of responsible members who you can trust to lead on large sections of the planning. This is a great opportunity for adults and young adults alike to play to their strengths and grow in their fields. Seek out future/current marketers, IT hopefuls, and potential journalists. These roles give students and young adults real leadership and work experience. Adults who are already versed in these fields can serve as leaders or mentors throughout the project as well.

Set expectations early and often. Leaders should know how much time they must commit. As a team, set long and short range goals for each leader.

Potential jobs for leaders:

- Creating recording spaces within the school/library
- Creating a schedule and map for veterans
- Recruiting volunteers
- Outreach to veterans in the community
- Seeking out donations from community for equipment (if needed)
- Organizing the volunteers who will be directing veterans throughout the day
- Organizing the volunteers who will be interviewing or moderating interviews.
- Securing and organizing the equipment
- Training volunteers on how to use the equipment
- Training and organizing volunteers who will be cataloging the interviews and artifacts.
  - \* It is worth noting that leaders can conduct interviews in addition to their other responsibilities.

### **Volunteers**

Volunteers are the keystone of your project. As you may have noticed from the list above, you will need many hands on deck to get the job done. If you are working within a school, see if your counselor has a community service club or organization. If not, consider these other options:

- public and community radio stations
- college programs
- clubs
- service organizations
- civic and religious organizations
- local oral history projects.

# **Mapping Out Your Interview Site**

### **Decide on your Interview Style**

There are two major interview styles: interviewing an individual, or moderating an interview done between friends and family members. Either model works well, as long as the veteran feels respected. You can choose to only set up interviews between a volunteer

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and a veteran, or you can give family and friends the option to serve as the interviewer. Once you have decided, make sure to include this information when advertising to veterans. We suggest that you have either an interviewer or a moderator, and a volunteer to run the equipment in the room.

### Where to have an Interview

When choosing interview spots at your local library, you want to seek out small rooms that can be closed off. This will ensure that they are quiet enough. Carpet also helps dampen sound. You will want to have a table and enough chairs for 2-4 people. Keep in mind that what is comfortable to you may not be to an elderly veteran. Straight back chairs with arms are best. Try to avoid any chairs that are especially soft or low.

The leader in charge of setup should check each room by closing the door and listening for any errant sounds (air conditioning, lights, and electronics), so they can be addressed ahead of time. You can also pause a recording to address any sounds that pop up. Also have water available for the veteran in the room, and snacks in a waiting area. The idea is to make the veteran as comfortable as possible so they feel free to talk.

### Setting up a Waiting Area

To keep veterans comfortable and at ease while waiting, consider having activities, snacks, and plenty of seating in a waiting area. You can use photos and videos from <a href="www.kwvdm.org">www.kwvdm.org</a> to create a booth for veterans and family to visit. Inviting family (especially children and grandchildren) will give the veterans a support group, and allow them to carry on their discussion of the war with their family. If you notify the press, they can also be in attendance in this main area to interview veterans, and get you the coverage needed to create an annual event.

### **Recruit Your Veterans**

You will need to get the word out to your veterans about the interview day with plenty of advanced notice. They will need time to search for artifacts, complete their biography form, and possibly arrange for transportation. The last thing you want to hear is, "I would have come if I had known earlier". Plan to start your notifications three months before and increase your coverage as you get closer to your interview date. The find your closest KWVA chapter use this link <a href="http://www.kwva.org/info\_dept\_chapter.asp">http://www.kwva.org/info\_dept\_chapter.asp</a>

### **Setting up an Archive Station**

Use the computer lab or area within your library as your archive station. Here you can set up any scanners needed for photos, and burn cds for your veterans. Make sure there is enough seating to accommodate your volunteers and veterans comfortably.

### Transportation and Parking

Make sure your library has ample parking and easy access for your veterans. Consider working with organizations to set up van pick up for veterans with limited mobility. On site, use signs and volunteers to make navigation from car to the interview site as easy as possible.

### Refreshments

You should also have a station with light refreshments. Your local grocery store might be able to donate bottled water and snacks if you request early enough. If you are part of a school or organization, use official letter head for any request to another organization.

# **Planning for the Interview**



### **How Long Should My Interview Be?**

Interviews should run about 40 minutes. If you choose about 10 questions to work from (with a few backups just in case), then you will find you can easily fill 40 minutes. Some veterans may be able to talk for longer, and others may need to stop sooner. Keep in mind that you will need to stay on schedule without interrupting a veteran, so space out your interviews about 1 hour apart to allow time to transition. Veterans are nothing if not punctual, so planning your time is key.

### What Should I Ask?

Planning ahead for each interview is key. It is best to allow enough time for the veterans to share their basic biography sheet, so the interviewer/moderator can cater his/her questions to that particular veteran. The volunteers should be knowledgeable about the places and events that are relevant to their veteran(s). Below, you will find a list of possible questions.

\*Before the interview, **ask your veteran** if there's anything they do or do NOT want to talk about. This give them respect and control over the interview.

### **Introduce Yourself and the Veteran**

Start the interview by having each Participant state his or her name, age, the date, and the location of the interview.

### Next, start with light or "easy" questions to build trust:

- a) Where and when were you born?
- b) Who are/were your parents and what are/were their occupations?
- c) Who are/were your siblings? Names and genders? Which, if any, serve/served in the military?
- d) What were you doing before you entered the service?

### Then, work through some of the more basic military questions:

- a) In which branch of the military did you serve?
- b) Did you enlist or were you drafted?
- c) If you enlisted, why did you choose that specific branch of the military?
- d) What happened when you departed for training camp and during your early days of training?
- e) Do you recall your instructors? If so, what were they like?
- f) Did you receive any specialized training? If so, what?
- g) How did you adapt to military life, including the physical regimen, barracks, food and social life?

# These questions should be utilized with caution. Knowing your veteran's biography comes in handy here. Know that this is the part of the interview that might be hard for your veteran.

- a) Where did you serve?
- b) If you served abroad, what are some memories you have of that experience?
- c) If you were on the front lines, what combat action did you witness?
- d) If you were not on the front lines, what were your duties?
- e) If you saw combat, how did you feel when witnessing casualties and destruction?
- f) What kinds of friendships and camaraderie did you form while serving, and with whom?
- g) How did you stay in touch with family and friends back home?
- h) What did you do for recreation or when you were off-duty?

Again, you must know your veteran's basic information for these questions. Make them more comfortable by including their own history within the question. For example, instead of just saying "How did you return home?" you could say, "When you came home in December, how was your journey?"

- a) Where were you when the war ended?
- b) How did you return home?
- c) How were you received by your family and community?
- d) How did you readjust to civilian life?
- e) Have you remained in contact with or reunited with fellow veterans? If so, who?
- f) Are you a member of any veterans' organizations? If so, which?
- g) What have you done since separating from the military?

# Finish up with these questions. Always ask them if there is anything else that they would like to add. You may find that their last add on is the most important part of the interview.

- a) How did your wartime experiences affect your life?
- b) What are some life lessons you learned from military service?
- c) How has your military service impacted your feelings about war and the military in general?
- d) What message would you like to leave for future generations who will view/hear this interview?
- e) Is there anything you feel like we haven't discussed, or should be added to this interview? If so, what?

\*\*When you are done with your interview, escort your veteran to the archive station or have a volunteer meet you outside the door to lead the veteran. Thank them for their time, and introduce them to the next volunteer so your veteran never feels lost or confused.

### **Tips for your Interview**

- **Avoid verbal cues** such as saying "uh huh" or interrupting. Try to use visual cues like nodding your head and other body language to keep the conversation going.
- Use open-ended questions without yes or no answers. These questions should start with phrases like, "Tell me about..." or "What was it like..." or "How did you feel when..."
- Watch out for **body language** throughout the interview. The way you sit will show your veteran that you are truly interested in their story.
- Provide context for listeners whenever possible. Phrases such as, "When you were in \_\_\_\_\_, how did you feel about...." Or "Tell us about what it was like to fight with Bill, your childhood friend...."
- Use questions that **encourage the veteran to provide details.** Good examples include questions like, "Can you paint a picture in words of your barracks?" or "What are some images that stand out when you think about your first day at training?"
- Ask **follow-up questions** even if they are not on your question list if you're curious about something.
- Think of your interview as a conversation. While rehearing or writing out your answers may help in preparing for your interview, we also recommend thinking of this as a time to have a meaningful conversation. Relax and let your words come naturally.
- Most of all, **relax and have fun**. Enjoy the opportunity to share the stories, thoughts, and the closeness that can come with this experience.

# **Recording the Conversation**

### **Purchase Recording Equipment**

The basic components needed to record interviews are a digital recorder, a microphone, and headphones. You can find both basic and more sophisticated recording equipment at your local electronics store or for purchase online. Whatever recording equipment you choose, we strongly suggest making sure that the library's staff and volunteers feel confident and ready to use it.



### **Set Up and Test the Equipment**

Be sure to set up your equipment and check the sound before the interview. As a way to test your equipment, record a volunteer answering a few prompts, such as, "Tell me what you had for breakfast." Stop recording and then listen to the test recording to determine if everything is working and that the sound is clear and legible. Press RECORD again when you begin the actual interview.

### A few tips for better audio quality:

- Wear headphones when recording. Your headphones are your "ears" for the interview; they tell you exactly what you'll hear on the finished recording.
- When using an external microphone, hold the microphone in your hand, moving it between you and your Storyteller.
- Hold the microphone about one hand span (about 5 inches) from your Storyteller's mouth. If you're using an internal microphone on a camera, set up the camera just far enough away to keep the picture in focus.
- Be careful of "mic-handling" noise. That's the low, rumbling sound you hear when you move the microphone in your hands. Use a light touch when handling the microphone, and minimize movement.
- If your veteran fidgets, respectfully remind him or her that the microphone picks up the sound.

# **Archive and Copy the Conversation**

Plan to have one archive volunteer for each veteran who signs up. They will escort the veteran after the interview to an archive "station". Here you can move their interview file to the computer, scan their photos, and burn them a cd to take home.

### 1. Archiving Interviews

In order to archive interviews, it's important to have veterans sign a release form, and to offer them the option not to release their interview to the archive. Make sure they understand that their story would be going onto a website and be searchable via the internet. The veteran will also provide their biography form, and any photos they would like to scan into the archive. You must record each photo on a record sheet as they are scanned.

### **Preserving Digital Interview Files**

We recommend that you begin backing up interview files from the moment you record them. That's as easy as:

- Transferring a file from the recorder's SD card to a computer or server that's connected to a backup server;
- transferring the file from the recorder's SD card to a computer or server and to an external hard drive; or
- Transferring a file from the recorder's SD card to a computer or server and burning a CD or DVD copy.

\*\*Many folklorists and oral historians who work with digital media recommend creating a checksum as soon as you create a digital file that's destined for an archive. For more information about checksums, please visit the online resource Oral History in the Digital Age: <a href="http://ohda.matrix.msu.edu/2012/06/resource-tutorial-on-checksum-for-digital-preservation-of-oral-history">http://ohda.matrix.msu.edu/2012/06/resource-tutorial-on-checksum-for-digital-preservation-of-oral-history</a>

### **Submitting Interviews**

You will use the computers in the library to submit the veterans photos and interview file at <a href="http://www.kwvdm.org/participate.php?p=submit">http://www.kwvdm.org/participate.php?p=submit</a>

<sup>\*</sup>We advise that you provide your veteran with a cd of their interview on the same day if possible.

# **Recommended Equipment**

### PORTABLE DIGITAL RECORDERS

Digital recorders store audio on digital media like memory cards, allowing files to be transferred to a computer for processing. Digital recording is the modern standard, and allows for the highest quality and integrity of audio files.

We recommend recorders that feature:

XLR inputs, which accommodate a wider variety of microphones; capacity to record WAV (also called PCM) audio files; and removable media, like Compact Flash or SD cards

Average cost: \$170—\$600

Recommended Models: Marantz PMD661, Tascam DR-40 Microphone

Plugging an external microphone into the recorder will allow you to better control sound quality. Use one or two microphones depending on the number of participants you'd like to accommodate. We recommend a handheld condenser microphone with a directional pickup pattern. Microphone accessories, such as stands, mounts or cables may be useful as well.

Average Cost: \$100—\$200

Recommended Model: Audio-Technica ATM710

### **HEADPHONES**

Use headphones to monitor sound from the recorder. We recommend over-the-ear, closed-back-style headphones to block out background noise.

Average Cost: \$50—\$100

Recommended Models: Sony MDR-7506, Sony MDR-7502

### **EXISTING EQUIPMENT**

In many cases, equipment you already own—such as computers, smartphones, and tablets—may be used for audio recording.

### For **computer recording**, we recommend:

USB microphones, which plug directly into a computer's USB port; and

low-cost or free recording programs like Reaper, Audacity, and GarageBand

### For **smartphones and tablets**, we recommend:

attachable microphones like those made by Blue and Tascam; recording apps like Tascam PCM Recorder and Voice Memo.

### ACCEPTED MEDIA AND FORMAT STANDARDS

### Use the following file extensions:

• WAV on CD-R or a Flash Drive

Specifications: 96 kHz, 24-bit (suggested) or 44.1 kHz, 16-bit

• MPEG-2 on DVD-R or a Flash Drive

Specifications: at least 3Mbps, with a spatial resolution of 720x486 at 30fps or the highest your set-up allows.

• MPEG-4/H.264 on DVD-R or a Flash Drive

Specifications: at least 3Mbps, with a spatial resolution of 720x486 at 30fps or the highest your set-up allows.

• TXT/RFT on CD-R, DVD-R, or a Flash Drive

Specifications: 600 dpi (suggested) or 300 dpi

• TIF/JPG on CD-R, DVD-R, or a Flash Drive

Specifications: 600 dpi (suggested) or 300 dpi





### 1. Ideas to Make It Last

The best way to make your veteran history project last from year to year is to advertise your success.

### **PUBLICITY**

Publicizing your interview collection program as part of your organization's programming is an opportunity to showcase your commitment to collecting and preserving your community's many stories. Being featured in local press or a newsletter is a great way to make veterans feel special and can heighten excitement about your program. Some other ways include:

- Using our press release template in our Resources & Tools section to invite local press to visit during a recording day and speak with Participants.
- **Submitting articles or op-ed pieces to a local newspaper** in your community. Explain how and why your institution decided to collect stories, and if possible provide quotes and anecdotes from Participants.
- Using **photos from your recording days** to enhance your marketing and communications efforts, such as brochures and flyers. Write about the program in your organization's newsletter.
- Posting **photos**, **interview clips**, **and articles** about the program on your social media sites.

### **PARTNERSHIPS**

Establishing strong local partnerships allows you to take your project to the next level and introduce your program and your institution to entirely new audiences. To further your program goals, take advantage of existing partnerships or use this opportunity to forge new ones.

**High Schools and Colleges:** students are the perfect volunteers for this project. They have so much to learn from this event, and have the time to give. Also consider reaching out to the history department of your local college. There you can find students and professors with knowledge about archiving data and a love of history.

**Local history centers, museums, and neighborhood associations:** local organizations are the perfect partners. They are the people who have connections to your veterans and their communities. They can help transport veterans, donate supplies/equipment, provide mentors, and get the word out about your event.

Establishing a partnership with a local **radio station** is also a great way to inform your local community about your project. If you do not have a preexisting relationship with one, this would be a great opportunity to start one.

# **Every Interview Counts!**

Thank you again for your support. We want to help you in any way we can. Feel free to email us with any questions or suggestions (Samantha.scannell@gmail.com). We would love to hear about your progress, so send us your news and photos leading up to your interview day. Don't forget that you also have templates and forms attached to this toolkit for your use.

### Online Resources

The American Folklife Center at the Library of Congress, provides basic notes on folklife fieldwork at www.loc.gov/folklife/fieldwork/index.html.

Oral History in the Digital Age is an online resource for planning, implementing, and supporting oral history programs at your institution at http://ohda.matrix.msu.edu.

Oral History Association's Principles & Best Practices for Oral History provides a set of guidelines for those interested in conducting oral histories at http://www.oralhistory.org/about/principles-and-practices.

Activists' Guide to Archiving Video, created by Witness, focuses on video but has thorough and straightforward tips on capturing, preserving, and organizing digital field-based recordings at http://archiveguide.witness.org.

*Transom*, an online public radio community, has extensive product equipment reviews and instructional recording guides at www.transom.org/tools.

*Audacity* features instructions and tips for downloading, installing, and using their free audio editing software at www.audacity.sourceforge.net.

Veteran Biography Form
To help us prepare for your interview, please complete the following biography form, and mail to insert the address of your library or collection location.

Veteran □ Civilian □		
Name		
Address		
City	State	Zip –
Telephone ()Place of Birth	Email	1
Place of Birth	Birth Date /	/
Next of Kin: Name and Address:		
Race/Ethnicity (optional)		
Though you are not required to do so, pr	coviding this information will h	nelp researchers and ensure our collections
accurately reflect the races and ethnicitie	· ·	r
Branch of Service or Wartime Activity _		
Commissioned □Enlisted □Drafted □Se Highest Rank	ervice dates/ to	o//
Unit, Division, Battalion, Group, Ship, et	tc. (Do not abbreviate.)	
War, operation or conflict		
Locations of military service		
Battles/campaigns (Names)		
Medals or service awards (Please list as s	specifically as possible.)	
Special duties/highlights/achievements _		
Was the veteran a prisoner of war? Yes Did the veteran sustain combat or service ADDITIONAL SE		

# PERMISSION AND RELEASE FORM (Required for all Veterans and Interviewers)

### Project Title: Korean War Veteran Digital Memorial (KWVDM)

I have been informed that the purpose of the Korean War Veteran Digital Archive is to collect Korean War Veteran's literacy stories and related literacy artefacts (e.g., photographs, poems, texts, interview videos) and to store these in a permanent collection which members of the public can access, study, and learn from on the project's web site and a documentary film. Once I have submitted materials to the KWVDM and agreed that it can be publicly posted, the information I have provided cannot be removed from the KWVDM related publicity. I hereby grant permission to the rights of my image, likeness and sound of my voice as recorded on audio and videotape without payment or any other consideration. I understand that my image and sound may be edited, copied, exhibited, published or distributed and waive the right to inspect or approve the finished product wherein my likeness appears. Additionally, I waive any right to royalties or other compensation arising or related to the use of my image or recording. I also understand that this material may be used in diverse public settings within an unrestricted geographic area.

- 1. I hereby expressly grant permission to record my presentation and materials in any and all forms.
- 2. I hereby expressly grant permission to use, encode, digitize, copy, edit, transcribe, excerpt, transmit, display theatrically, publicly perform my video interview and materials (photography, artefacts, texts) on the Internet, DVD distribution/promotion, as well as use my name, voice, likeness, biographic information and any ancillary material in connection with my presentation.
- 3. I hereby grant to the KWVD and to its licensees, assignees, and other successors-in-interest, all rights of every kind and character, in perpetuity, in and to the interview's performance, appearance, likeness, name and/or voice in connection to KWVD. I warrant that KWVD have the right to authorize the licensee to reproduce, distribute, adapt, display and publicly perform the material. I agree to indemnify the licensee from any fees or liabilities incurred by the licensee as a result of the licensee's transmission, and/or distribution of the Material, including but not limited to defamation, rights of privacy or publicity, copyright, patent rights, trade secret rights, moral rights, or trademark rights.
- 4. I hereby release and discharge licensee from any and all liability arising out of my participation in the event, including but not limited to my rights of privacy or publicity, copyright, or trademark.
- 5. This authorization will be governed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York.

By signing this release I understand that there is no time limit on the validity of this release nor is there any geographic limitation on where these materials may be distributed.

By signing this form I acknowledge that I have completely read and fully understand the above release and agree to be bound thereby. I hereby release any and all claims against any person or organization utilizing this material for educational purposes.

Full Name			
Street Address/P.O. Box _			
City	State	Postal Code/Zip Code	
Phone	Email Address		
Signature		Date	

# AUDIO AND VIDEO RECORDING LOG

# (Required for all submitted interviews)

	ontributor/Interviewer	
name of ve	Name of Veteran/Civilian Birth Date	
Recording f	format (please check)	
VIDEO/AU	DIO type:	
	deo (MiniDV, DVCAM, DVPRO) □DVD-R Video □CD-R □Flash Drive □Other _	
<u>DIGITAL I</u>	FILE type (please check)	G
Estimated le	ength of recording (in minutes) Date of recording	-
Location of	recording (City, State)	_
Please log tl	he topics discussed in the interview in sequence. You may estimate the minute marks	
Minutes	Topic	
1:00	Introduction	
2:30	Enlisted with best friend	

# Artifact Log (Required for all submitted artifacts)

Name of Contributo	or/Interviewer	
Name of Veteran/C	ivilian	Birth Date
	<b>-</b>	
D1: -4 - #		TOGRAPH LOG
Photo #	Location	Date
Description		Τ
Photo #	Location	Date
Description		
Photo #	Location	Date
Description		
Photo #	Location	Date
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Description		
Photo #	Location	Date
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Photo #	Location	Date
Description		
Photo #	Location	Date
Description	•	
Photo #	Location	Date
Description	•	·
Photo #	Location	Date
Description	•	•
	MANI	CRIPT DATA SHEET
		rs, letters, diaries or other written materials)
Type of Item:	Topic:	# of Pages
Description		
Type of Item:	Topic:	# of Pages
Description		
Type of Item:	Topic:	# of Pages
Description		

# of Pages

# of Pages

Topic:

Topic:

**Type of Item:** 

**Type of Item:** 

Description

Description



# Shhh

# Recording in Progress

QUIET, PLEASE.

## **Additional Questions to Consider**

How do you feel about participating in this project to commemorate the KWVs? Why are you interested in participating in the project?

What did you think about going to Korea to fight? What was your impression about the Korean War?

What were your impressions of Korea when you first saw it?

What were the living conditions like where you were stationed? Was it hard? Was there a lot of down time?

What was your opinion on Korea, Koreans, the South Korean Army (KOK)-KATUSA, Korean Service Corps (KSC)? What were you experience with them like? What did you learn from them?

What Foreign troops (allies) did you encounter on line? What was your impression of them?

In you daily life- 60 years later- do you ever think about Korea and what happened over there?

What would you do if you were young and another war started in the region?

Have you been back to Korea after the Korean War? When, how many times?

What is your opinion about Korea now, divided, economy, politics? What is your feeling about the war and Korea now? Toward Korean and American governments on the Korean War? What about US current policy toward Korea?

Any message to those including future generations who will listen your interviews?

What can you say about the legacy of Korean War Veterans?

Could you describe the history / story behind the materials you are submitting to the database? Why are they important and important to you?

# **Sample Press Release**

### FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

FROM: Library Name

**CONTACT:** Library Name

Contact Name | Phone Number

Email

[LIBRARY NAME] to record interviews as part of the [NAME OF PROGRAM]

**DATE** - [LIBRARY NAME] will begin recording the important voices of veterans in the community. With the support of the Korean War Veterans Digital Memorial, [LIBRARY NAME] welcomes all interested veterans to come tell their story and share their photos.

CONTACT INFORMATION AND ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON HOW PARTICIPANTS CAN RECORD STORY

**About [Library Name]** 

LIBRARY BOILERPLATE